

BHASKAR CLASSES PVT LTD

Application of Derivatives

- 1. If *x* and *y* are the sides of two squares such that $y = x x^2$. Find the change of the area of second square with respect to the area of the first square.
- 2. The total revenue received from the sale of x units of a product is given by $R(x) = 13x^2 + 26x + 15$. Find the marginal revenue when x = 7.
- 3. A stone is dropped into a quiet lake and waves move in circles at a speed of 4cm/sec. At the instant when the radius of the circular wave is 10cm, how fast is the enclosed are increasing?
- 4. A particle moves along the curve $y = x^2 + 2x$. At what point(s) on the curve are the x and y coordinates of the particle changing at the same rate?
- 5. Find the intervals in whether it is decreasing or increasing for $f(x) = 10 6x 2x^2$.
- 6. Find the intervals in whether it is decreasing or increasing for $f(x) = 2x^3 + 9x^2 + 12x + 20$.
- 7. Find the intervals in whether it is decreasing or increasing for $f(x) = 2x^3 15x^2 + 36x + 1$.
- 8. Find the intervals in whether it is decreasing or increasing for $f(x) = x^3 6x^2 + 9x + 15$.
- 9. Prove that the following functions are increasing on R:

a.
$$f(x) = 3x^5 + 40x^3 + 240x$$

b.
$$f(x) = 4x^3 - 18x^2 + 27x - 27$$

- 10. Show that $f(x) = \tan^{-1}(\sin x + \cos x)$ is a decreasing function on the interval $\pi/4, \pi/2$.
- 11. Find all the points of local maxima and minima of the function $f(x) = x^3 6x^2 + 9x 8$.
- 12. Find all the points of local maxima and minima and the corresponding maximum and minimum values of the function $f(x) = -\frac{3}{4}x^4 8x^3 \frac{45}{2}x^2 + 105$.
- 13. Show that $\frac{\log x}{x}$ has a maximum value at x = e.
- 14. Prove that $f(x) = \sin x + \sqrt{3} \cos x$ has a maximum value at $x = \frac{\pi}{6}$.
- 15. Find the absolute maximum and minimum values of a function *f* given by $f(x) = 2x^3 15x^2 + 36x + 1$ on the interval [1, 5].